# Report on Hybrid

Generated by MTT using : (mtt -u -q -q Hybrid rep pdf)

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# Part I Hybrid

# **Chapter 1**

# Bounce

### 1.1 Bounce\_abg.tex

MTT command:

mtt Bounce abg tex



Figure 1.1: System Bounce: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **Bounce**, togehter with a schematic diagram is displayed in Figure 1.1 (on page 9) and its label file is listed in Section 1.1.1 (on page 10). The subsystems are listed in Section 1.1.2 (on page 11).

The model uses the **CSW** switched **C** element to simulate contact with the ground. The corresponding switching function (See Section 1.5), is based on the height above the ground h as follows:

$$i_{sw} = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } h > 0\\ -1 & \text{if } h \le 0 \end{cases}$$
(1.1)

In other words, the component acts as an ideal spring when the ball is in contact with the ground yet has no effect when the ball is not in contact with the ground.

The ball is modelled as a point mass (the I component) and a linear resistance to motion (the (the R component).

The system was simulated for 100 time units and the resultant height is plotted in Figure 1.4. The ball was released at zero velocity from a height of ten units. The bounce height decreases due to the effect of the modelled air resistance.

### **1.1.1 Summary information**

System Bounce::Bouncing ball example (hybrid) ;Detailed description here;

### **Interface information:**

This component has no ALIAS declarations

### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: Bounce\_lbl.txt

```
%SUMMARY Bounce: Bouncing ball example (hybrid)
%DESCRIPTION <Detailed description here>
%% Label file for system Bounce (Bounce_lbl.txt)
```

```
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: Bounce_lbl.txt,v 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:30 gawthrop Exp $
% %% $Loq: Bounce lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:30 gawthrop
% %% Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/09/11 09:54:22 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
% Component type INTF
intf
% Component type CSW
ground lin state,k_g
% Component type I
ball_mass lin flow,m
% Component type R
air_resistance lin flow,r
% Component type SS
gravity SS external, internal
x SS external,0
```

### 1.1.2 Subsystems

• CSW: Switched C component (1) No subsystems.

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• INTF: flow integrator (1) No subsystems.

### 1.1.3 CSW



Figure 1.2: System CSW: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **CSW** is displayed in Figure 3.2 (on page 42) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.3 (on page 41). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.3 (on page 44).

### **Summary information**

**System CSW::Switched C component** CSW acts as an C component except when the -s -c option is used. When the -s -c option is used: The component label is used as a variable name (eg Name) In the ode simulation: Name = 1 implies normal C (closed switch) Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch) Name = -1 implies state $_0$  (Diode)

### Interface information:

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter effort,c\_s

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter lin

Port out represents actual port in

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

### The label file: CSW\_lbl.txt

```
&SUMMARY CSW: Switched C component
%DESCRIPTION CSW acts as an C component except when the -s -c option is
%DESCRIPTION When the -s -c option is used:
             The component label is used as a variable name (eg Name)
%DESCRIPTION
%DESCRIPTION
             In the ode simulation:
%DESCRIPTION
              Name = 1 implies normal C (closed switch)
%DESCRIPTION
              Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch)
%DESCRIPTION
              Name = -1 implies state>0 (Diode)
%ALIAS out in
%ALIAS $1 lin
%ALIAS $1 effort,c_s
%% Label file for system CSW (CSW_lbl.txt)
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: CSW_lbl.txt,v 1.3 1998/07/26 13:30:33 peterg Exp $
% %% $Log: CSW_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.3 1998/07/26 13:30:33 peterg
% %% Added aliases
8 88
% %% Revision 1.2 1997/09/11 09:00:52
                                  peterq
% %% More documentation.
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/16 10:55:20 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/03 15:26:09
                                   peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
```

% Component type C
MTT\_SWITCH lin effort,c\_s

% Component type SS
[in] SS external,external

### **Subsystems**

No subsystems.

### 1.1.4 INTF



Figure 1.3: System INTF: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **INTF** is displayed in Figure 2.3 (on page 29) and its label file is listed in Section 2.1.4 (on page 29). The subsystems are listed in Section 2.1.4 (on page 30).

**INTF** is a two-port component where the effort on port [out] is the integral of the flow on port [in].

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#### **Summary information**

**System INTF::flow integrator** Port [in]: Flow to be integrated Port [out]: Effort = integral of flow on port [in]

### **Interface information:**

Port in represents actual port Flow

Port out represents actual port Integrated\_flow

### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

### **Units declarations:**

This component has no UNITs declarations

### The label file: INTF\_lbl.txt

```
%% Label file for system INTF (INTF_lbl.txt)
%SUMMARY INTF: flow integrator
%DESCRIPTION Port [in]: Flow to be integrated
%DESCRIPTION Port [out]: Effort = integral of flow on port [in]
```

% Port aliases
%ALIAS in Flow
%ALIAS out Integrated\_flow

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```
% Argument aliases
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% component-name cr_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
% ---- Component labels ----
% Component type SS
[Flow] SS external,external
[Integrated_flow] SS external,external
```

### Subsystems

No subsystems.

### **1.2 Bounce\_struc.tex**

MTT command:

mtt Bounce struc tex

List of inputs for system Bounce				
	Component	System	Repetition	
1	gravity	Bounce_gravity	1	

	List of outputs for system Bounce			
	Component	System	Repetition	
1	Х	Bouncex	1	

List of states for system Bounce				
	Component	System	Repetition	
1	mttC	Bounce_intf_mttC	1	
2	MTT_SWITCH	Bounce_ground_MTT_SWITCH	1	
3	ball_mass	Bounceball_mass	1	

### **1.3 Bounce\_ode.tex**

MTT command:

...

mtt Bounce ode tex

$$\dot{x}_{1} = \frac{x_{3}}{m}$$

$$\dot{x}_{2} = \frac{(-x_{3})}{m}$$

$$\dot{x}_{3} = \frac{(k_{g}mx_{2} - mu_{1} - x_{3}r)}{m}$$
(1.2)

$$y_1 = x_1 \tag{1.3}$$

### **1.4 Bounce\_simpar.txt**

MTT command:

mtt Bounce simpar txt

```
# Simulation parameters for system Bounce (Bounce_simpar.txt)
# Generated by MTT on Sat Jul 25 15:57:56 BST 1998.
****
## Version control history
## $Id: Bounce_simpar.txt,v 1.2 2000/12/28 17:45:24 peterg Exp $
## $Log: Bounce_simpar.txt,v $
## Revision 1.2 2000/12/28 17:45:24 peterg
## To RCS
##
## Revision 1.1 1998/10/01 19:21:04 peterg
## Initial revision
##
FIRST=0.0;
LAST=10.0;
DT=0.02;
STEPFACTOR=1;
```

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### 1.5 Bounce\_input.txt

MTT command:

mtt Bounce input txt

```
# Numerical parameter file (Bounce_input.txt)
# Generated by MTT at Wed Jul 2 10:47:49 BST 1997
# %% Version control history
# %% $Id: Bounce_input.txt,v 1.5 2003/06/11 15:58:14 gawthrop Exp
# %% $Log: Bounce_input.txt,v $
# %% Revision 1.5 2003/06/11 15:58:14 gawthrop
# %% Updated examples for latest MTT.
# %%
# %% Revision 1.4 2001/10/05 11:24:29 gawthrop
# %% Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
# %%
# %% Revision 1.3 2000/05/18 11:30:14 peterg
# %% Moved switch logic to logic.txt
# %%
# %% Revision 1.2 1998/10/01 19:20:33 peterg
# %% Cahged switch function
# %%
# %% Revision 1.1 1998/07/25 18:35:02 peterg
# %% Initial revision
# %%
# Set the inputs
## Removed by MTT on Fri Oct 5 10:37:56 BST 2001: mttu(1) = 9.81;
## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:22:08 BST 2003: bounce_gravity
= 9.81; # Added by MTT on Fri Oct 05 10:37:59 BST 2001
bounce__gravity = 9.81;
```

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### **1.6 Bounce\_logic.txt**

MTT command:

mtt Bounce logic txt

# -\*-octave-\*- Put Emacs into octave-mode # Simulation parameters for system Bounce (Bounce\_logic.txt) # Generated by MTT on Thu May 18 12:29:15 BST 2000. \*\*\*\* ## Version control history ## \$Id: Bounce\_logic.txt,v 1.4 2003/06/11 15:58:24 gawthrop Exp \$ ## \$Log: Bounce\_logic.txt,v \$ ## Revision 1.4 2003/06/11 15:58:24 gawthrop ## Updated examples for latest MTT. ## ## Revision 1.3 2002/09/29 13:14:12 geraint ## Updated names. ## ## Revision 1.2 2000/12/28 17:45:24 peterg ## To RCS ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/05/18 11:29:58 peterg ## Initial revision ## 

# Set the switches

## On when below ground level bounce\_\_ground\_\_mtt\_switch\_logic = (bounce\_\_intf\_\_mttc < 0);</pre>

### **1.7** Bounce\_numpar.txt

MTT command:

mtt Bounce numpar txt

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```
# Numerical parameter file (Bounce_numpar.txt)
# Generated by MTT at Wed Jul 2 10:47:47 BST 1997
# %% Version control history
# %% $Id: Bounce_numpar.txt,v 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:30 gawthrop Exp
# %% $Log: Bounce_numpar.txt,v $
# %% Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:30 gawthrop
# %% Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
# %%
# %% Revision 1.1 2000/12/28 17:45:24 peterg
# %% To RCS
# %%
# Parameters
k_g = 100.0; # Ground stiffness
m = 1.0; \# Ball mass
r = 1.0; # Air resistance
```

### 1.8 Bounce\_odeso.ps

MTT command:

mtt Bounce odeso ps

This representation is given as Figure 1.4 (on page 21).

### 1.9 Bounce\_rep.txt

MTT command:

mtt Bounce rep txt

# Outline report file for system Bounce (Bounce\_rep.txt)

% %% Version control history

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Figure 1.4: System Bounce, representation odeso (-noargs)

```
% %% $Id: Bounce_rep.txt,v 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:30 gawthrop Exp $
% %% $Log: Bounce_rep.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:30 gawthrop
% %% Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1
                2000/05/19 07:09:19 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
mtt Bounce abg tex
mtt Bounce struc tex
mtt Bounce ode tex
mtt Bounce simpar txt
mtt Bounce input txt
mtt Bounce logic txt
mtt Bounce numpar txt
mtt Bounce odeso ps
mtt Bounce rep txt
```

# **Chapter 2**

# BouncingRod

### 2.1 BouncingRod\_abg.tex

MTT command:

mtt BouncingRod abg tex



Figure 2.1: System BouncingRod: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **BouncingRod** is displayed in Figure 2.1 (on page 23) and its label file is listed in Section 2.1.1 (on page 24). The subsystems are listed in Section 2.1.2 (on page 26).

The system consists of a uniform rod of mass 1kg, length 2m (and therefore of inertia about the mass centre of  $\frac{1}{3}$ kgm<sup>2</sup>. The rod is released at an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  from the vertical, the mass centre is 10m above the ground and all velocities are

initially zero. The gravitational constant is taken as unity.

The ground is modeled as an ideal compliance in the vertical direction with compliance of  $0.1 \text{mN}^{-1}$  and it is assumed that contact takes place at the rod tips only. There is no horizontal resistance to motion. This idealised setup is modeled

by a two **CSW** components, one for each rod tip, modulated by the height of each rod tip above the ground: each **CSW** is off when the corresponding height is positive.

The system was simulated for 100 time units and the resultant height of each tip is plotted in Figure 2.5. The rod was released at zero velocity from a height of ten units and at an angle of  $\frac{\pi}{4}$  radians to the vertical. The oscillations in height are due to rod rotation about its mass centre. The bounce height changes due to energy transfer to and from the rod rotation about its mass centre.

### 2.1.1 Summary information

**System BouncingRod::Two-dimensional bouncing rod (hybrid)** A uniform rod bounces on a compliant surface – the CSW component is used.

#### **Interface information:**

This component has no ALIAS declarations

### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### **Units declarations:**

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: BouncingRod\_lbl.txt

%SUMMARY BouncingRod: Two-dimensional bouncing rod (hybrid) %DESCRIPTION A uniform rod bounces on a compliant surface -- the %DESCRIPTION CSW component is used.

%% Label file for system BouncingRod (BouncingRod\_lbl.txt)

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```
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: BouncingRod_lbl.txt,v 1.6 2001/10/05 11:24:34 gawthrop Exp $
% %% $Log: BouncingRod lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.6 2001/10/05 11:24:34 gawthrop
% %% Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
8 88
% %% Revision 1.5 2000/12/04 08:36:23 peterg
% %% Declare pi
8 88
% %% Revision 1.4 2000/05/18 10:30:39
                                peterg
% %% New SS form
8 88
% %% Revision 1.3 1997/09/11 09:55:25 peterg
% %% Added documentation
8 88
% %% Revision 1.2 1997/09/11 08:37:29 peterg
% %% Added description
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/07/06 16:18:37 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
% Component type CSW
groundL lin effort, epsilon
groundR lin effort, epsilon
% Component type INTF
intfL
intfR
% Component type ROD
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```

```
rod none l;l;j;m
% Component type SS
aL SS 0,internal
aR SS 0,internal
gravity SS external,internal
hL SS external,0
hR SS external,0
xC SS 0,internal
xL SS 0,internal
xR SS 0,internal
```

### 2.1.2 Subsystems

- CSW: Switched C component (2) No subsystems.
- INTF: flow integrator (2) No subsystems.
- ROD: rigid rod in two dimensions (1)

- INTF: flow integrator (1)

### 2.1.3 CSW

The acausal bond graph of system **CSW** is displayed in Figure 3.2 (on page 42) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.3 (on page 41). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.3 (on page 44).

### **Summary information**

System CSW::Switched C component CSW acts as an C component except when the -s -c option is used. When the -s -c option is used: The component label is used as a variable name (eg Name) In the ode simulation: Name = 1 implies normal C (closed switch) Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch) Name = -1 implies state;0 (Diode)

### **Interface information:**

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter effort,c\_s

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter lin

Port out represents actual port in

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Figure 2.2: System CSW: acausal bond graph

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

### The label file: CSW\_lbl.txt

%SUMMARY CSW: Switched C component %DESCRIPTION CSW acts as an C component except when the -s -c option is %DESCRIPTION When the -s -c option is used: %DESCRIPTION The component label is used as a variable name (eg Name) %DESCRIPTION In the ode simulation: %DESCRIPTION Name = 1 implies normal C (closed switch) %DESCRIPTION Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch) %DESCRIPTION Name = -1 implies state>0 (Diode)

%ALIAS out in
%ALIAS \$1 lin
%ALIAS \$1 effort,c\_s

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```
%% Label file for system CSW (CSW_lbl.txt)
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: CSW_lbl.txt,v 1.3 1998/07/26 13:30:33 peterg Exp $
% %% $Log: CSW_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.3 1998/07/26 13:30:33 peterg
% %% Added aliases
8 88
% %% Revision 1.2 1997/09/11 09:00:52 peterg
% %% More documentation.
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/16 10:55:20 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/03 15:26:09 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
```

% Component type C
MTT\_SWITCH lin effort,c\_s

% Component type SS
[in] SS external,external

#### Subsystems

No subsystems.

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Figure 2.3: System INTF: acausal bond graph

### 2.1.4 INTF

The acausal bond graph of system **INTF** is displayed in Figure 2.3 (on page 29) and its label file is listed in Section 2.1.4 (on page 29). The subsystems are listed in Section 2.1.4 (on page 30).

**INTF** is a two-port component where the effort on port [out] is the integral of the flow on port [in].

### **Summary information**

System INTF::flow integrator Port [in]: Flow to be integrated Port [out]: Effort = integral of flow on port [in]

### Interface information:

Port in represents actual port Flow

Port out represents actual port Integrated\_flow

### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

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### The label file: INTF\_lbl.txt

%% Label file for system INTF (INTF\_lbl.txt) %SUMMARY INTF: flow integrator %DESCRIPTION Port [in]: Flow to be integrated %DESCRIPTION Port [out]: Effort = integral of flow on port [in] % %% Version control history % %% \$Id: INTF\_lbl.txt,v 1.3 1998/07/16 07:35:10 peterg Exp \$ % %% \$Log: INTF\_lbl.txt,v \$ % %% Revision 1.3 1998/07/16 07:35:10 peterg % %% Aliased version 8 88 % Port aliases %ALIAS in Flow %ALIAS out Integrated\_flow % Argument aliases %% Each line should be of one of the following forms: a comment (ie starting with %) % component-name cr\_name arg1,arg2,..argn % % blank % ---- Component labels ----% Component type SS [Flow] SS external, external [Integrated\_flow] SS external, external

### Subsystems

No subsystems.

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2.1.5 ROD

Figure 2.4: System ROD: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **ROD** is displayed in Figure 2.4 (on page 31) and its label file is listed in Section 2.1.5 (on page 31). The subsystems are listed in Section 2.1.5 (on page 34). This is a special version just for this problem.

### **Summary information**

System ROD::rigid rod in two dimensions Port [1]: Angular torque/velocity - end 1 Port [2]: Angular torque/velocity - end 2 Port [3]: x force/velocity - end 1 Port [4]: x force/velocity - end 2 Port [5]: y force/velocity - end 1 Port [6]: y force/velocity - end 2 Port [7]: x force/velocity - centre Port [8]: y force/velocity - centre

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Parameter 1: length from end 1 to mass centre Parameter 2: length from end 2 to mass centre Parameter 3: inertia about mass centre Parameter 4: mass See Section 10.2 of "Metamodelling"

#### **Interface information:**

This component has no ALIAS declarations

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### **Units declarations:**

This component has no UNITs declarations

### The label file: ROD\_lbl.txt

```
%SUMMARY ROD: rigid rod in two dimensions
%DESCRIPTION Port [1]: Angular torque/velocity - end 1
%DESCRIPTION Port [2]: Angular torque/velocity - end 2
%DESCRIPTION Port [3]: x force/velocity - end 1
%DESCRIPTION Port [4]: x force/velocity - end 2
%DESCRIPTION Port [5]: y force/velocity - end 1
%DESCRIPTION Port [6]: y force/velocity - end 2
%DESCRIPTION Port [7]: x force/velocity - centre
%DESCRIPTION Port [8]: y force/velocity - centre
%DESCRIPTION Port [8]: y force/velocity - centre
%DESCRIPTION Parameter 1: length from end 1 to mass centre
%DESCRIPTION Parameter 2: length from end 2 to mass centre
%DESCRIPTION Parameter 3: inertia about mass centre
%DESCRIPTION Parameter 4: mass
%DESCRIPTION See Section 10.2 of "Metamodelling"
```

%% Label file for system ROD (ROD\_lbl.txt)

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```
% %% $Id: ROD_lbl.txt,v 1.2 2000/12/28 17:45:59 peterg Exp $
% %% $Log: ROD_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.2 2000/12/28 17:45:59 peterg
% %% To RCS
8 88
% Revision 1.1 1996/11/07 10:57:17 peterg
% Initial revision
%
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
%Inertias
J lin flow,$3
m x lin flow,$4
m_y lin flow,$4
%Integrate angular velocity to get angle
th
%Modulated transformers
s1 lsin flow,$1
s2 lsin flow,$2
cl lcos flow, $1
c2 lcos flow,$2
% ports
[p1] SS external, external
[p2] SS external, external
[p3] SS external, external
[p4] SS external, external
[p5] SS external, external
[p6] SS external, external
[p7] SS external, external
[p8] SS external, external
```

### Subsystems

• INTF: flow integrator (1) No subsystems.

### 2.2 BouncingRod\_struc.tex

MTT command:

mtt BouncingRod struc tex

	List of inputs for system BouncingRod				
	Component	System	Repetition		
1	gravity	BouncingRod_gravity	1		

List of outputs for system BouncingRod				
Component System Repeti				
1	hL	BouncingRod_hL	1	
2	hR	BouncingRod_hR	1	

List of states for system BouncingRod					
	Component	System	Repetition		
1	MTT_SWITCH	BouncingRod_groundL_MTT_SWITCH	1		
2	MTT_SWITCH	BouncingRodgroundRMTT_SWITCH	1		
3	mttC	BouncingRod_intfL_mttC	1		
4	mttC	BouncingRod_intfR_mttC	1		
5	J	BouncingRodrodJ	1		
6	m_x	BouncingRod_rod_m_x	1		
7	m_y	BouncingRodrodm_y	1		
8	mttC	BouncingRod_rod_th_mttC	1		

## 2.3 BouncingRod\_ode.tex

MTT command:

mtt BouncingRod ode tex

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$$\dot{x}_{1} = \frac{(\sin(x_{8})lmx_{5} - jx_{7})}{(jm)}$$

$$\dot{x}_{2} = \frac{(\sin(x_{8})lmx_{5} + jx_{7})}{(jm)}$$

$$\dot{x}_{3} = \frac{(-\sin(x_{8})lmx_{5} + jx_{7})}{(jm)}$$

$$\dot{x}_{4} = \frac{(\sin(x_{8})lmx_{5} + jx_{7})}{(jm)}$$

$$\dot{x}_{5} = \frac{(-\sin(x_{8})l(x_{1} + x_{2}))}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\dot{x}_{6} = 0$$

$$\dot{x}_{7} = \frac{(-\varepsilon u_{1} + x_{1} - x_{2})}{\varepsilon}$$

$$\dot{x}_{8} = \frac{x_{5}}{j}$$

$$y_{1} = x_{3}$$

$$y_{2} = x_{4}$$

$$(2.2)$$

### 2.4 BouncingRod\_numpar.txt

MTT command:

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### 2.5 BouncingRod\_input.txt

MTT command:

```
mtt BouncingRod input txt
```

```
# Numerical parameter file (BouncingRod_input.txt)
# Generated by MTT at Fri Jul 4 14:09:14 BST 1997
# %% Version control history
# %% $Id: BouncingRod_input.txt,v 1.3 2003/06/11 15:58:51 gawthrop
# %% $Log: BouncingRod_input.txt,v $
# %% Revision 1.3 2003/06/11 15:58:51 gawthrop
# %% Updated examples for latest MTT.
# %%
# %% Revision 1.2 2000/12/04 08:27:42 peterg
# %% New version
# %%
# %% Revision 1.1 1997/07/06 16:17:48 peterg
# %% Initial revision
# %%
```

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# Set the inputs
## Removed by MTT on Mon Dec 4 08:27:04 GMT 2000: u(1) =
9.81; # gravity (Default value)
## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:33:30 BST 2003: bouncingrod\_gravity
= 9.81; # Added by MTT on Mon Dec 04 08:27:10 GMT 2000
bouncingrod\_gravity = 9.81; # Gravity

# 2.6 BouncingRod\_logic.txt

MTT command:

mtt BouncingRod logic txt

# -\*-octave-\*- Put Emacs into octave-mode # Simulation parameters for system BouncingRod (BouncingRod\_logic.txt) # Generated by MTT on Thu May 18 12:14:35 BST 2000. \*\*\*\*\* ## Version control history ## \$Id: BouncingRod\_logic.txt,v 1.3 2003/06/11 15:59:04 gawthrop Exp \$ ## \$Log: BouncingRod\_logic.txt,v \$ ## Revision 1.3 2003/06/11 15:59:04 gawthrop ## Updated examples for latest MTT. ## ## Revision 1.2 2002/09/29 15:31:39 geraint ## Updated names. ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/12/28 17:45:59 peterg ## To RCS ## # Set the switches ## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:45:53 BST 2003: bouncingrod\_groundl\_r = (bouncingrod\_intfl\_mttc <= 0);</pre> ## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:45:53 BST 2003: bouncingrod\_groundr\_t = (bouncingrod\_intfr\_mttc <= 0);</pre> bouncingrod groundl mtt\_switch\_logic = (bouncingrod intfl mttc <= 0)</pre> bouncingrod groundr mtt\_switch\_logic = (bouncingrod intfr mttc <= 0)</pre>

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# 2.7 BouncingRod\_odeso.ps

MTT command:

mtt BouncingRod odeso ps

This representation is given as Figure 2.5 (on page 38).



Figure 2.5: System **BouncingRod**, representation odeso (-noargs)

# Chapter 3 Clutch

# 3.1 Clutch\_abg.tex

MTT command:

mtt Clutch abg tex



Figure 3.1: System Clutch: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **Clutch** is displayed in Figure 3.1 (on page 39) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.1 (on page 40). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.2 (on page 41). The details of the DC motor and the load are hidden behind a word bond graph so as to focus on the clutch mechanism as modelled by the **CSW** component. It is natural to model the clutch shaft by a compliance to absorb the shock of engaging the clutch; therefore the drive model contains a **CSW** component.

Figure 3.6, shows the angular velocities of the motor and load. The clutch is engaged from time t given by 0 < t < 15; and a unit input voltage is applied at time t = 0. All initial conditions are zero.

#### **3.1.1 Summary information**

System Clutch::Simple model of a clutch system (Hybrid) Uses CSW component to model the clutch/flexi shaft

#### **Interface information:**

This component has no ALIAS declarations

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: Clutch\_lbl.txt

```
%SUMMARY Clutch: Simple model of a clutch system (Hybrid)
%DESCRIPTION Uses CSW component to model the clutch/flexi shaft
%% Label file for system Clutch (Clutch_lbl.txt)
```

%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:

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```
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
% Component type DC
motor lin k_m;l_a;r_a;j_m;b_m
% Component type Drive
drive
% Component type Load
load
% Component type SS
e SS external,internal
```

### 3.1.2 Subsystems

- DC: DC motor (or generator) (1) No subsystems.
- Drive: The clutch/shaft drive subsystem (1)
  - CSW: Switched C component (1)
- Load: An inertial/frictional load (1) No subsystems.

### 3.1.3 CSW

The acausal bond graph of system **CSW** is displayed in Figure 3.2 (on page 42) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.3 (on page 41). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.3 (on page 44).

#### **Summary information**

System CSW::Switched C component CSW acts as an C component except when the -s -c option is used. When the -s -c option is used: The component label is used as a variable name (eg Name) In the ode simulation: Name = 1 implies normal C (closed switch) Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch) Name = -1 implies state;0 (Diode)

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Figure 3.2: System CSW: acausal bond graph

#### **Interface information:**

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter effort,c\_s

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter lin

Port out represents actual port in

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### **Units declarations:**

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: CSW\_lbl.txt

%SUMMARY CSW: Switched C component %DESCRIPTION CSW acts as an C component except when the -s -c opti %DESCRIPTION When the -s -c option is used: %DESCRIPTION The component label is used as a variable name (eg %DESCRIPTION In the ode simulation:

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```
Name = 1 implies normal C (closed switch)
%DESCRIPTION
%DESCRIPTION
              Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch)
%DESCRIPTION
              Name = -1 implies state>0 (Diode)
%ALIAS out in
%ALIAS $1 lin
%ALIAS $1 effort,c_s
%% Label file for system CSW (CSW_lbl.txt)
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: CSW_lbl.txt,v 1.3 1998/07/26 13:30:33 peterg Exp $
% %% $Log: CSW_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.3 1998/07/26 13:30:33 peterg
% %% Added aliases
8 88
% %% Revision 1.2 1997/09/11 09:00:52 peterg
% %% More documentation.
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/16 10:55:20 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/03 15:26:09 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
% Component type C
MTT_SWITCH lin effort,c_s
% Component type SS
[in] SS external, external
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                                        Page 43.
```

#### Subsystems

No subsystems.





Figure 3.3: System **DC**: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **DC** is displayed in Figure 3.3 (on page 44) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.4 (on page 44). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.4 (on page 47).

Index	Parameter
1	Motor gain $(k_m)$
2	Armature inductance $(l_a)$
3	Armature resistance $(r_a)$
4	Inertia $(j_m)$
5	Friction coefficient $(b_m)$

Table 3.1: DC motor parameters

**DC** is a two-port component representing a DC motor. It has the 5 parameters listed in Table 3.1 (on page 44).

#### **Summary information**

#### System DC::DC motor (or generator)

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#### **Interface information:**

- Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter k\_m
- Parameter \$2 represents actual parameter l\_a
- Parameter \$3 represents actual parameter r\_a
- Parameter \$4 represents actual parameter j\_m
- Parameter \$5 represents actual parameter b\_m
- Port in represents actual port Electrical
- Port out represents actual port Mechanical

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### **Units declarations:**

Port Electrical has domain electrical

Effort units volt Flow units amp

Port Mechanical has domain rotational

**Effort units** N\*m **Flow units** radians/s

#### The label file: DC\_lbl.txt

%SUMMARY DC: DC motor (or generator)

%% Port Alias
%ALIAS in Electrical
%ALIAS out Mechanical

%% Unit definition
%UNITS Electrical electrical volt amp
%UNITS Mechanical rotational N\*m radians/s

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```
%ALIAS $1 k_m
%ALIAS $2 l_a
%ALIAS $3 r_a
%ALIAS $4 j_m
%ALIAS $5 b m
%% Label file for system DC (DC_lbl.txt)
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: DC_lbl.txt,v 1.7 2001/02/05 03:07:10 geraint Exp $
% %% $Log: DC_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.7 2001/02/05 03:07:10 geraint
% %% angular displacement units: changed rads to radians
8 88
% %% Revision 1.6 2000/11/16 09:45:51 peterg
% %% Added unit definitions
8 88
% %% Revision 1.5 1998/07/26 12:49:24 peterg
% %% Corrected some errors
8 88
% %% Revision 1.4 1998/07/26 12:45:33 peterg
% %% Added ports
8 88
% %% Revision 1.3 1998/07/22 12:01:17
                                 peterg
% %% Aliased ports and parameters.
8 88
% %% Revision 1.2 1996/12/04 16:01:42 peterg
% %% Documantation added.
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1996/12/04 16:00:56 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
```

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%Motor gain k\_m lin flow,k\_m

% Electrical components
%Inductance
1\_a lin effort,1\_a

%Resistance
r\_a lin flow,r\_a

% Mechanical components
%Inertia
j\_m lin flow,j\_m

%Friction b\_m lin flow,b\_m

```
% Ports
[Electrical] SS external,external
[Mechanical] SS external,external
```

#### Subsystems

No subsystems.

### 3.1.5 Drive

The acausal bond graph of system **Drive** is displayed in Figure 3.4 (on page 48) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.5 (on page 47). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.5 (on page 49).

#### **Summary information**

System Drive::The clutch/shaft drive subsystem ¡Detailed description here;

#### **Interface information:**

This component has no ALIAS declarations

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#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: Drive\_lbl.txt

```
%SUMMARY Drive: The clutch/shaft drive subsystem
%DESCRIPTION <Detailed description here>
%% Label file for system Drive (Drive_lbl.txt)
```

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#### Subsystems

```
• CSW: Switched C component (1) No subsystems.
```

### 3.1.6 Load

The acausal bond graph of system **Load** is displayed in Figure 3.5 (on page 50) and its label file is listed in Section 3.1.6 (on page 49). The subsystems are listed in Section 3.1.6 (on page 52).

#### **Summary information**

System Load:: An inertial/frictional load ¡Detailed description here;

#### **Interface information:**

This component has no ALIAS declarations

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Figure 3.5: System Load: acausal bond graph

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### **Units declarations:**

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: Load\_lbl.txt

```
%SUMMARY Load: An inertial/frictional load
%DESCRIPTION <Detailed description here>
%% Label file for system Load (Load_lbl.txt)
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: Load_lbl.txt,v 1.2 2002/09/29 13:46:46 geraint Exp $
% %% $Log: Load_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.2 2002/09/29 13:46:46 geraint
% %% Added missing SS entries.
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/09/11 09:39:29
                               peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
% Component type I
j_l lin flow,j_l
% Component type R
r_l lin flow,r_l
% Component type SS
[in] SS external, external
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                                      Page 51.
```

### Subsystems

No subsystems.

# 3.2 Clutch\_struc.tex

MTT command:

mtt Clutch struc tex

List of inputs for system Clutch			
	Component	System	Repetition
1	e	Clutche	1

	List of outputs for system Clutch			
	Component	System	Repetition	
1	v1	Clutch_drive_v1	1	
2	v2	Clutch_drive_v2	1	

List of states for system Clutch			
	Component	System	Repetition
1	1_a	Clutch_motor_l_a	1
2	j_m	Clutchmotorj_m	1
3	MTT_SWITCH	Clutch_drive_clutch_MTT_SWITCH	1
4	j_l	Clutch_load_j_l	1

# 3.3 Clutch\_ode.tex

MTT command:

mtt Clutch ode tex

$$\dot{x}_{1} = \frac{(j_{m}l_{a}u_{1} - j_{m}x_{1}r_{a} - k_{m}l_{a}x_{2})}{(j_{m}l_{a})} \\
\dot{x}_{2} = \frac{(-b_{m}\varepsilon l_{a}x_{2} + \varepsilon j_{m}k_{m}x_{1} - j_{m}l_{a}x_{3})}{(\varepsilon j_{m}l_{a})} \\
\dot{x}_{3} = \frac{(j_{l}x_{2} - j_{m}x_{4})}{(j_{l}j_{m})} \\
\dot{x}_{4} = \frac{(-\varepsilon x_{4}r_{l} + j_{l}x_{3})}{(\varepsilon j_{l})}$$
(3.1)

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$$y_1 = \frac{x_2}{j_m}$$

$$y_2 = \frac{x_4}{j_l}$$
(3.2)

# 3.4 Clutch\_dm.tex

#### MTT command:

mtt Clutch dm tex

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{(-r_a)}{l_a} & \frac{(-k_m)}{j_m} & 0 & 0\\ \frac{k_m}{l_a} & \frac{(-b_m)}{j_m} & \frac{(-1)}{\epsilon} & 0\\ 0 & \frac{1}{j_m} & 0 & \frac{(-1)}{j_l}\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{\epsilon} & \frac{(-r_l)}{j_l} \end{pmatrix}$$
(3.3)

$$B = \begin{pmatrix} 1\\0\\0\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.4}$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{j_m} & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{j_l} \end{pmatrix}$$
(3.5)

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3.6}$$

# 3.5 Clutch\_simpar.txt

#### MTT command:

mtt Clutch simpar txt

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```
DT=0.1;
STEPFACTOR=1;
```

# 3.6 Clutch\_input.txt

MTT command:

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clutch\_\_e = 1.0; # e (Default value)

# 3.7 Clutch\_logic.txt

MTT command:

mtt Clutch logic txt

# -\*-octave-\*- Put Emacs into octave-mode # Simulation parameters for system Clutch (Clutch\_logic.txt) # Generated by MTT on Thu May 18 12:29:15 BST 2000. \*\*\*\*\* ## Version control history ## \$Id: Clutch\_logic.txt,v 1.4 2003/04/12 19:23:15 geraint Exp \$ ## \$Log: Clutch\_logic.txt,v \$ ## Revision 1.4 2003/04/12 19:23:15 geraint ## Updated names with double underscore. ## ## Revision 1.3 2002/09/29 13:47:35 geraint ## Updated names. ## ## Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop ## Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/05/19 07:11:36 peterg ## Initial revision ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/05/18 11:29:58 peterg ## Initial revision ## \*\*\*\*\*

# Set the switches

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clutch\_\_drive\_\_clutch\_\_mtt\_switch\_logic = ((t >= 5)&&(t < 15)); #</pre>

# 3.8 Clutch\_numpar.txt

MTT command:

mtt Clutch numpar txt

# Numerical parameter file (Clutch\_numpar.txt) # Generated by MTT at Thu Jul 3 12:12:35 BST 1997 # %% Version control history # %% \$Id: Clutch\_numpar.txt,v 1.1 2000/12/28 17:46:44 peterg Exp \$ # %% \$Log: Clutch\_numpar.txt,v \$ # %% Revision 1.1 2000/12/28 17:46:44 peterg # %% To RCS # %% # Parameters b m = 0.1; # Default value epsilon = 0.01; j\_l = 1.0; # Default value j\_m = 10.0; # Default value k\_m = 1.0; # Default value l\_a = 0.1; # Default value r\_a = 1.0; # Default value r l = 5.0; # Default value

### 3.9 Clutch\_odeso.ps

MTT command:

mtt Clutch odeso ps

This representation is given as Figure 3.6 (on page 57).

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Figure 3.6: System Clutch, representation odeso (-noargs)

# 3.10 Clutch\_rep.txt

#### MTT command:

```
mtt Clutch rep txt
# Outline report file for system Clutch (Clutch_rep.txt)
% %% Version control history
 8
°
 %% $Id: Clutch_rep.txt,v 1.3 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop Exp $
 %% $Log: Clutch_rep.txt,v $
%
 %% Revision 1.3 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop
%
°
 %% Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
 응응
Ŷ
 %% Revision 1.2
             2000/05/19 07:16:07
                            peterg
%
%% Added logic
%
Ŷ
 88
 %% Revision 1.1 1999/02/21 08:18:25
%
                           peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
```

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mtt Clutch abg tex
mtt Clutch struc tex
mtt Clutch ode tex
mtt Clutch dm tex
mtt Clutch simpar txt
mtt Clutch input txt
mtt Clutch logic txt
mtt Clutch numpar txt
mtt Clutch odeso ps
mtt Clutch rep txt

# **Chapter 4**

# Weirs

### 4.1 Weirs\_abg.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs abg tex

The acausal bond graph of system **Weirs** is displayed in Figure 4.1 (on page 60) and its label file is listed in Section 4.1.1 (on page 61). The subsystems are listed in Section 4.1.2 (on page 62).

Aircraft fuel tanks are often fitted with baffles to reduce fuel slosh. A simple model relating to such a system is shown in Figure 4.1 (on page 60) which corresponds to a single tank containing two dividing weirs. Liquid with flow rate *f* enters the left-hand compartment; liquid leaks out of the centre compartment at a flow rate determined by gravity and the properties of the corresponding orifice. The Bond Graph appearing in Figure 4.1 (on page 60) represents each of the three compartments by a C component (labelled tank1 to tank3), the corresponding pressures are measured by the SS elements p1–p3. The leak is represented by the R component labelled leak. The flows over the two weirs are represented by the four ISW components; each weir has a separate ISW component for each flow direction. Each ISW component is switched by the appropriate level.

The system was simulated for 20 time units and the resultant level of each tank partition is plotted in Figure 4.4 (on page 73). Each partition has unit cross

section, and the two weir heights are 1 and 2 respectively; the inflow f is given by:

$$f = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } t \le 10 \\ 0 & \text{if } t > 10 \end{cases}$$
(4.1)

and the leak resistance is linear with flow resistance 5.



Figure 4.1: System Weirs: acausal bond graph

### 4.1.1 Summary information

System Weirs: Double-weir tanks system (hybrid) iDetailed description here

#### **Interface information:**

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter tank1

Parameter \$2 represents actual parameter tank2

Parameter \$3 represents actual parameter tank3

Parameter \$4 represents actual parameter leak

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### **Units declarations:**

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: Weirs\_lbl.txt

```
%% Label file for system Weirs (Weirs_lbl.txt)
%SUMMARY Weirs Double-weir tanks system (hybrid)
%DESCRIPTION <Detailed description here>
```

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```
% Port aliases
% Argument aliases
%ALIAS $1 tank1
%ALIAS $2 tank2
%ALIAS $3 tank3
%ALIAS $4 leak
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
       a comment (ie starting with %)
%
       component-name cr_name arg1,arg2,..argn
%
%
       blank
% ---- Component labels ----
% Component type C
tank1 lin effort,c_1
tank2 lin effort,c_2
tank3 lin effort,c_3
% Component type R
leak lin flow,r_l
% Component type SS
f SS internal, external
pl SS external,0
p2 SS external,0
p3 SS external,0
% Component type Weir
    none epsilon_i;epsilon_r
w1
       none epsilon_i;epsilon_r
w2
```

#### 4.1.2 Subsystems

• (2)

– ISW: Switched I component (1)

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Figure 4.2: System ISW: acausal bond graph

### 4.1.3 ISW

The acausal bond graph of system **ISW** is displayed in Figure 4.2 (on page 63) and its label file is listed in Section 4.1.3 (on page 63). The subsystems are listed in Section 4.1.3 (on page 65).

#### **Summary information**

System ISW::Switched I component ISW acts as an I component except when the -s -c option is used. When the -s -c option is used: The component label is used as a variable name (eg Name) In the ode simulation: Name = 1 implies normal I (closed switch) Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch) Name = -1 implies state;0 (Diode)

#### **Interface information:**

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter flow,i\_s

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter lin

Port out represents actual port in

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Representation rep

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: ISW\_lbl.txt

```
%SUMMARY ISW: Switched I component
%DESCRIPTION ISW acts as an I component except when the -s -c opti
%DESCRIPTION When the -s -c option is used:
%DESCRIPTION
           The component label is used as a variable name (eg
%DESCRIPTION
           In the ode simulation:
             Name = 1 implies normal I (closed switch)
%DESCRIPTION
%DESCRIPTION
             Name = 0 implies state=0 (open switch)
%DESCRIPTION
             Name = -1 implies state>0 (Diode)
%ALIAS out in
%ALIAS $1 lin
%ALIAS $1 flow,i_s
%% Label file for system ISW (ISW_lbl.txt)
% %% Version control history
% %% $Id: ISW_lbl.txt,v 1.2 1998/07/26 13:00:47 peterg Exp $
% %% $Log: ISW_lbl.txt,v $
% %% Revision 1.2 1998/07/26 13:00:47 peterg
% %% Added alaises
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1998/07/26 12:57:00 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
% %% Revision 1.1 1997/06/03 15:26:09 peterg
% %% Initial revision
8 88
```

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```
%% Each line should be of one of the following forms:
% a comment (ie starting with %)
% Component-name CR_name arg1,arg2,..argn
% blank
```

% Component type I
MTT\_SWITCH lin flow,i\_s

% Component type SS
[in] SS external,external

#### **Subsystems**

No subsystems.



### 4.1.4 Weir

Figure 4.3: System Weir: acausal bond graph

The acausal bond graph of system **Weir** is displayed in Figure 4.3 (on page 65) and its label file is listed in Section 4.1.4 (on page 66). The subsystems are listed in Section 4.1.4 (on page 68).

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The weir is modelled by an **ISW** component in series with an **R** component. Physicaly, the former represents the inertia of the fluid together with the switching effect of the weir; the latter represents the flow resistance. The switching logic is on if the level on either side of the weir reaches the level of the weir.

#### **Summary information**

System Weir: Detailed description here

#### **Interface information:**

Parameter \$1 represents actual parameter i\_s

Parameter \$2 represents actual parameter r

Port in represents actual port in

Port out represents actual port out

#### Variable declarations:

This component has no PAR declarations

#### Units declarations:

This component has no UNITs declarations

#### The label file: Weir\_lbl.txt

#SUMMARY Weir #DESCRIPTION Detailed description here

## System Weir, representation lbl, language txt
## File Weir\_lbl.txt
## Generated by MTT on Fri Oct 5 10:50:46 BST 2001

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## \$Id: Weir\_lbl.txt,v 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop Exp \$ ## \$Log: Weir\_lbl.txt,v \$ ## Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop ## Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc ## ## Revision 1.2 2001/07/03 22:59:10 gawthrop ## Fixed problems with argument passing for CRs ## ## Port aliases #ALIAS in in #ALIAS out out ## Argument aliases #ALIAS \$1 i\_s #ALIAS \$2 r ## Each line should be of one of the following forms: ## a comment (ie starting with #) ## component-name cr\_name arg1,arg2,..argn ## blank ## ---- Component labels ----## Component type ISW isw lin flow,i\_s ## Component type R r lin flow,r ## Component type R [in] SS external, external [out] SS external, external

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### Subsystems

• ISW: Switched I component (1) No subsystems.

# 4.2 Weirs\_struc.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs struc tex

List of inputs for system Weirs			
	Component	System	Repetition
1	f	Weirs_f	1

List of outputs for system Weirs			
	Component	System	Repetition
1	p1	Weirs_p1	1
2	p2	Weirs_p2	1
3	p3	Weirs_p3	1

List of states for system Weirs				
	Component	System	Repetition	
1	tank1	Weirs_tank1	1	
2	tank2	Weirs_tank2	1	
3	tank3	Weirs_tank3	1	
4	MTT_SWITCH	Weirs_w1_isw_MTT_SWITCH	1	
5	MTT_SWITCH	Weirs_w2_isw_MTT_SWITCH	1	

# 4.3 Weirs\_ode.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs ode tex

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$$\dot{x}_{1} = \frac{(\varepsilon_{i}u_{1} - x_{4})}{\varepsilon_{i}}$$

$$\dot{x}_{2} = \frac{(c_{2}x_{4}r_{l} - c_{2}x_{5}r_{l} - \varepsilon_{i}x_{2})}{(c_{2}\varepsilon_{i}r_{l})}$$

$$\dot{x}_{3} = \frac{x_{5}}{\varepsilon_{i}}$$
(4.2)
$$\dot{x}_{4} = \frac{(-c_{1}c_{2}\varepsilon_{r}x_{4} - c_{1}\varepsilon_{i}x_{2} + c_{2}\varepsilon_{i}x_{1})}{(c_{1}c_{2}\varepsilon_{i})}$$

$$\dot{x}_{5} = \frac{(-c_{2}c_{3}\varepsilon_{r}x_{5} - c_{2}\varepsilon_{i}x_{3} + c_{3}\varepsilon_{i}x_{2})}{(c_{2}c_{3}\varepsilon_{i})}$$

$$y_{1} = \frac{x_{1}}{c_{1}}$$

$$y_{2} = \frac{x_{2}}{c_{2}}$$

$$y_{3} = \frac{x_{3}}{c_{3}}$$
(4.3)

# 4.4 Weirs\_switch.txt

MTT command:

```
mtt Weirs switch txt
```

# These are the switches deduced from ISW and CSW components
weirs\_w1\_isw\_mtt\_switch 4
weirs\_w2\_isw\_mtt\_switch 5

# 4.5 Weirs\_simpar.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs simpar tex

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LAST=19.9; DT=0.01; STEPFACTOR=1;

### 4.6 Weirs\_numpar.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs numpar tex

```
# -*-octave-*- Put Emacs into octave-mode
# Numerical parameter file (Weirs_numpar.txt)
# Generated by MTT at Tue Mar 2 07:55:47 GMT 1999
# %% Version control history
# %% $Id: Weirs_numpar.txt,v 1.1 2000/12/28 17:47:43 peterg Exp $
# %% $Log: Weirs_numpar.txt,v $
# %% Revision 1.1 2000/12/28 17:47:43 peterg
# %% To RCS
# %%
# Parameters
c 1 = 1.0; # Weirs
c 2 = 1.0; # Weirs
c 3 = 1.0; # Weirs
epsilon_i = 0.01; # weir
```

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epsilon\_r = 0.1; # weir
r\_l = 5.0; # Weirs

# 4.7 Weirs\_input.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs input tex

# -\*-octave-\*- Put Emacs into octave-mode # Input specification (Weirs\_input.txt) # Generated by MTT at Tue Mar 2 07:48:04 GMT 1999 ## Version control history ## \$Id: Weirs\_input.txt,v 1.3 2003/06/11 15:59:30 gawthrop Exp \$ ## \$Log: Weirs\_input.txt,v \$ ## Revision 1.3 2003/06/11 15:59:30 gawthrop ## Updated examples for latest MTT. ## ## Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop ## Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/05/19 07:12:04 peterg ## Initial revision ## # Set the inputs ## Removed by MTT on Fri Oct 5 10:47:20 BST 2001: mttu(1) = 1.0\*(t<10). ## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:53:48 BST 2003: weirs\_f = 1.0\*(t<10); # Added by MTT on Fri Oct 05 10:48:01 BST 2001 weirs\_\_f = 1.0\*(t<10);Tue Aug 19 14:55:49 BST 2003 Page 71.

# 4.8 Weirs\_logic.tex

MTT command:

mtt Weirs logic tex

# -\*-octave-\*- Put Emacs into octave-mode # Simulation parameters for system Weirs (Weirs\_logic.txt) # Generated by MTT on Thu May 18 12:29:15 BST 2000. ## Version control history ## \$Id: Weirs\_logic.txt,v 1.4 2003/06/11 15:59:47 gawthrop Exp \$ ## \$Log: Weirs\_logic.txt,v \$ ## Revision 1.4 2003/06/11 15:59:47 gawthrop ## Updated examples for latest MTT. ## ## Revision 1.3 2002/09/29 14:23:16 geraint ## Updated switch names. ## ## Revision 1.2 2001/10/05 11:24:35 gawthrop ## Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/05/19 07:13:29 peterg ## Initial revision ## ## Revision 1.1 2000/05/18 11:29:58 peterg ## Initial revision ## 

# Set the switches # First weir - height 1 # Second weir - height 2 ## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:54:35 BST 2003: weirs\_w1\_isw\_mt = ((weirs\_tank1 > 1) | (weirs\_tank2 > 1)); ## Removed by MTT on Tue Jun 10 10:54:35 BST 2003: weirs\_w2\_isw\_mt = ((weirs\_tank2 > 2) | (weirs\_tank3 > 2)); weirs\_w1\_isw\_mtt\_switch\_logic = ((weirs\_tank1 > 1) | (weirs\_t weirs\_w2\_isw\_mtt\_switch\_logic = ((weirs\_tank2 > 2) | (weirs\_t # weirs\_w2\_isw\_mtt\_switch\_logic = ((weirs\_tank2 > 2) | (weirs\_t # Note: Not

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## 4.9 Weirs\_odeso.ps

MTT command:

mtt Weirs odeso ps

This representation is given as Figure 4.4 (on page 73).



Figure 4.4: System Weirs, representation odeso (-noargs)

## 4.10 Weirs\_rep.txt

MTT command:

mtt Weirs rep txt

## -\*-octave-\*- Put Emacs into octave-mode
## Outline report file for system Weirs (Weirs\_rep.txt)
## Generated by MTT on" Tue Mar 2 22:02:59 GMT 1999.

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```
## Updated for new mtt features - input.txt etc
##
## Revision 1.5 2000/05/19 07:15:04 peterg
## Added logic
##
## Revision 1.4 1999/12/21 09:24:26
                                    peterg
## Euler integration - compiled
##
## Revision 1.3 1999/03/02 22:19:22
                                    peterg
## Added switch rep
##
## Revision 1.2 1999/03/02 22:09:49
                                    peterg
## Addded switch rep
##
## Revision 1.1 1999/03/02 22:04:11 peterg
## Initial revision
##
mtt Weirs abg tex # The system description
## mtt Weirs cbg ps
                          # The causal bond graph
## Uncomment the following lines or add others
mtt Weirs struc tex
                          # The system structure
## mtt Weirs dae tex
                           # The system dae
mtt Weirs ode tex
                       # The system ode
mtt Weirs switch txt
                           # The system switches
## mtt Weirs sspar tex # Steady-state parameters
## mtt Weirs ss tex # Steady state
## mtt Weirs dm tex # Descriptor matrices (of linearised system)
## mtt Weirs sm tex # State matrices (of linearised system)
## mtt Weirs tf tex # Transfer function (of linearised system)
## mtt Weirs lmfr ps # log modulus of frequency response (of linea
mtt Weirs simpar tex # Simulation parameters
mtt Weirs numpar tex # Numerical simulation parameters
mtt Weirs input tex # Simulation input
mtt Weirs logic tex # Switch logic
mtt Weirs odeso ps # Simulation output
```

mtt Weirs rep txt

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